

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### To the Unitholders of Port Renfrew Development Trust

#### Opinion

I have audited the consolidated financial statements of Port Renfrew Development Trust, which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the statements of loss, deficit and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Port Renfrew Development Trust as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

### Material Uncertainty Relating to Going Concern

I draw your attention to Note 4 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Trust incurred a net loss of \$98,074 during the year ended December 31, 2021 and, as of that date, the Trust has insufficient resources to complete the development of the project. As stated in Note 4, these events or conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Trust's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
  is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a matter that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement practitioner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is David L. Patrino, CPA, CA.

Calgary, Alberta April 21 2022 David L Patrino Professional Corporation Chartered Professional Accountant

# Port Renfrew Development Trust Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
December 31, 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Due from related party	7	67,447	59,705
Property, plant and equipment	6	14,472	24,901
		81,919	84,606
Current Assets			
Cash		174,524	14,971
Accounts receivable		325	35,112
Inventory	5	6,754,227	5,967,786
Prepaid and deposits		17,111	2,325
		6,946,187	6,020,194
Total Assets		7,028,106	6,114,800
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	0	1,769,554	1,549,494
Short term loans	8	773,832	338,677
Customer deposits	_	5,000	5,000
Due to related party Current portion of loan and obligations	7	300,000	-
under capital lease	9	4,714	4,485
,		2,853,100	1,897,656
Non-Current			
Loan and obligations under capital lease	9	819	5,533
UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Unitholders' equity		4,174,187	4,201,611

Subsequent events (note) (3)

JASON BROTTRUSTEE

Port Renfrew Development Trust Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Expressed in Canadian dollars) Year ended December 31, 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		\$	\$
Expenses:			
Financing costs		-	27,800
General and administrative costs		93,238	73,162
Loss and comprehensive income		(93,238)	(100,962)
Loss per Unit (basic and diluted)		(0.16)	(0.18)
Weighted average number of Units outstanding (basic and diluted)		564,968	558,752

Port Renfrew Development Trust Consolidated Statement of Unitholders' Equity (Expressed in Canadian dollars) Year ended December 31, 2021

	NOTE	TRUST UNITS	TRUST UNITS	(LOSS)	TOTAL
		Number	\$	\$	\$
Balance at December 31, 2019 Issuance of units for cash:		555,196	4,683,744	(459,171)	4,224,573
Class C		5,715	78,000	-	78,000
Loss for the year		-	-	(100,962)	(100,962)
Balance at December 31, 2020		560,911	4,761,744	(560,133)	4,201,611
Issuance of units for cash:					
Class C	10	4,701	65,814	-	65,814
Loss for the year		-	-	(93,238)	(93,238)
Balance at December 31, 2021		565,612	4,827,558	(653,371)	4,174,187

Port Renfrew Development Trust Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Expressed in Canadian dollars) Year ended December 31, 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		\$	\$
Operations:			
Loss for the year		(93,238)	(100,962)
Items not affecting cash:			
Amortization		10,429	10,429
Change in non-cash working capital	12	(546,380)	237,269
Cash outflow from operating activities		(629,189)	146,736
Investing Activities			
Due from related parties		(7,742)	(19,296)
Cash outflow from investing activities		(7,742)	(19,296)
Financing activities:			
Due to related parties		300,000	-
Issuance of units for cash		65,814	78,000
Proceeds from short term loan		435,155	6,660
Repayment of long term loans		(4,485)	(8,865)
Repayment of short term loans		-	(206,198)
Cash inflow from financing activities		796,484	(130,403)
Cash generated (used) in the year		159,553	(2,963)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		14,971	17,934
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		174,524	14,971

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
Year ended December 31, 2021

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Port Renfrew Development Trust (the "Fund") is an unincorporated open-ended trust established by the Fund's Deed of Trust dated January 17, 2012. The Deed of Trust was amended and restated on December 20, 2013. The Fund has elected to be a "mutual fund trust" for the purposes of the Income Tax Act (Canada). The Fund was formed to raise funds pursuant to an offering memorandum for the purposes of acquiring units in Port Renfrew Business Trust (the "Business Trust"), The Trustee of the Fund are Jason Brown and Karl Ablack. The Fund's head office and address for service is located at 500, 707 – 5<sup>th</sup> Street SW, Calgary. AB T2P 0Y3.

The Business Trust is an unincorporated open-ended trust established by the Business Trust's Deed of Trust dated January 17, 2012. The Deed of Trust was amended and restated on December 20, 2013. The Business Trust was formed for the purposes of acquiring units in Port Renfrew Management LP (the "Partnership"), a Canadian limited partnership. The Trustee of the Business Trust is Valhalla Capital Group Ltd ("Valhalla"). The Business Trust's head office and address for service is located at 500, 707 – 5th Street SW, Calgary. AB T2P 0Y3.

The Partnership is a limited partnership formed under the Partnership Act (Alberta) to acquire and develop five parcels of real property located in Port Renfrew, British Columbia. The Partnership was established by and among Port Renfrew Management Ltd. (the "General Partner) and Jason Brown as the initial Limited Partner, pursuant to the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement dated January 17, 2012. The Limited Partnership Agreement was amended and restated on December 20, 2013. The Partnership's head office and address for service is located at 500, 707 – 5<sup>th</sup> Street SW, Calgary. AB T2P 0Y3.

The Trustees and General Partner are all subject to common control.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). The policies set out below were consistently applied unless otherwise noted.

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Trustee on April 21, 2022.

#### b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

#### c) Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Fund's functional currency.

#### d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
Year ended December 31, 2021

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements

#### a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Port Renfrew Development Trust, Port Renfrew Business Trust and Port Renfrew Management Limited Partnership. Control exists when the Fund has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to benefit from its activities. The financial statements are consolidated from the date that control commences and continue to be consolidated until the date that control ceases.

Intra-group transactions and balances are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements reflect the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Fund and its subsidiaries.

#### b) Going Concern

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the payment of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. Should the Fund be unable to continue as a going concern, it may be unable to realize the carrying value of its assets and to meet its liabilities as they become due. (Note 4)

There are significant uncertainties with respect to the duration and potential impact to the Fund of the COVID-19 pandemic that spread cross Canada.

#### c) Cash

Cash consists of cash on hand and cash held at banks.

#### b) **Inventory**

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all expenses directly attributable to the development process as well as suitable portions of related development overheads. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less any applicable selling expenses.

#### c) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or to be received, after deducting trade discounts, rebates and sales related taxes and duties. Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred, generally at the date of transfer of ownership title.

The risks and rewards of ownership are transferred when the Fund no longer has effective control over the goods sold, when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Fund, and when the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably and recovery is reasonable assured.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
Year ended December 31, 2021

#### c) Profit (loss) per unit

Basic and diluted profit (loss) per Unit is calculated by dividing profit (loss) by the weighted average number of Units outstanding during the reporting period.

#### d) Property, plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Property, plant and equipment are amortized over their estimated useful lives at the following rates and methods:

Equipment 5 years straight-line method

# e) Classification and recognition of Financial Instruments IFRS 9, Financial Instruments

Effective July 1, 2018, the Fund adopted IFRS 9, Financial Instruments on a retrospective basis. The Adoption of IFRS 9 did not result in any adjustments to the amounts recognized in the Fund's financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2021. IFRS 9 replaces IAS 39, Financials Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

IFRS 9 introduces new requirements for the classification, measurement and impairment of financials assets and hedge accounting. It establishes two primary measurement categories for financial assets: (i) amortized cost and (ii) fair value either through profit or loss ("FVTPL") or through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"); establishes criteria for the classification of financial assets within each measurement category based on business model and cash flow characteristics; and eliminates the existing held for trading, held to maturity, available for sale, loans and receivables and other financial liabilities categories.

The following table shows the previous classification under IAS 39 and the new classification under IFRS 9 for the Fund's financial instruments

Financial Instrument Classification	IAS 39	IFRS 9
Cash	Held to maturity	Amortized Cost
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Other financial liabilities	Amortized Cost
Due to related parties	Other financial liabilities	Amortized Cost

The following are the Fund's new accounting policies for financial instruments under IFRS 9

#### Financials assets

Non-derivative financials assets withing IFRS 9 are classified as "financials assets at fair value (either through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), or through profit or loss ("FVTPL")), and "financials assets at amortized costs" as appropriate. The Fund determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition based on the Fund's business model and contractual terms of cash flows.

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of investments not at FVTPL, directly attributable transaction costs on the trade date at which the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
Year ended December 31, 2021

Where the fair values of financials assets recorded on the statement of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are derived from observable market data where possible, but where observable market data are not available, judgment is required to establish fair values.

#### Financials assets at FVTPL

Financials assets measured at FVTPL include financial assets management intends to sell and any derivative financials instrument that is not designated as a hedging instrument in a hedge relationship. Financials assets measured at FVTPL are carried at fair value in the statements of financial position with changes in fair value recognized in other income or expenses in the statements of loss and comprehensive loss. The Fund does not have any financials assets classified as at FVTPL.

#### Financials assets at FVOCI

Financial assets measured at FVOCI are non-derivative financial assets that are not held for trading and the Fund has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to measure the assets at FVOCI. The Fund does not have any financial assets classified as at FVOCI. After initial measurement, investments measured at fair value with unrealized gains or losses recognized in other comprehensive income or loss in the statements of comprehensive income (loss). When the investment is sold, the cumulative gain or loss remains in accumulated other comprehensive income or loss and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

#### **Financials Assets at Amortized Cost**

These assets are non-derivative financials assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not Quoted in an active market. They are carried at amortized cost less any provision for impairment. Individually significant receivables are considered for impairment when they are past due or when other objective evidence is received that a specific counterparty will default.

#### Derecognition

A Financials asset is derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the assets expire, or the Fund transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset.

#### Impairment of financials assets

Financial asset subject to impairment are measured at amortized costs. The Fund has elected to apply the simplified approach to impairment as permitted by IFRS 9, Which requires the expected lifetime loss to be recognized at the time of initial recognition of the receivable. An impairment loss is reversed in subsequent periods if the amount of the expected loss decreases, and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the initial impairment was recognized

The expected lifetime loss of a financials asset at amortized cost, is estimated based on the expected credit loss ("ECL"). ECL's are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate

#### **Financial liabilities**

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
Year ended December 31, 2021

Non-derivative financials liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL as is the case for held for trading or derivative instruments, or the Fund has opted to measure the financial liability at FVTPL. The Fund's financial liabilities include trade payables and accrued liabilities and due to related parties, which are measured at amortized cost. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

#### Financials liabilities at amortized cost

After initial recognition, financial liabilities measured at amortized cost are subsequently measured at the end of each reporting period at amortized cost using the Effective Interest Rate ("EIR") method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition any fees or cost that are an integral port of EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance cost, in the statements of loss and comprehensive loss

#### f) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires with any associated gains or losses reported in other come or expenses in the statements of loss and comprehensive loss

### 4. GOING CONCERN

These financial statements have been prepared on a going-concern basis that contemplates the realization of assets and the payment of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. Should the Fund be unable to continue as a going concern, it may be unable to realize the carrying value of its assets and to meet its liabilities as they become due.

As a December 31, 2021, the Fund incurred losses of \$98,074 and currently has insufficient resources to complete the development of the project. The Partnership through it's General Partner has entered into sales agreements for the sale of residential lots which is expected to generate revenues of \$2.84million in the second quarter of the year ended December 31, 2022.

The Fund's ability to continue as a going concern is dependant upon its ability to attain profitable operations and generate funds therefrom, raising additional capital or borrowing from third parties sufficient to meet current and future obligations.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
Year ended December 31, 2021

#### 5. INVENTORY

	<b>2021</b> 2020
Land	<b>\$ 2,815,270</b> \$ 2,815,270
Development costs	<b>3,715,452</b> 2,929,011
Cabin	<b>223,505</b> 223,505
Total inventory	<b>\$ 6,754,227</b> \$ 5,967,786

#### 6. PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

			2021	2020
	Cost	cumulated mortization	Net Book Value	Net Book Value
Equipment	\$ 52,144	\$ 37,672	\$ 14,472	\$ 24,901

The equipment is held as security for a loan (Note 9).

#### 7. DUE FROM (TO) RELATED PARTIES

The amounts due from (to) related parties, related through common officers and directors of the Fund, is unsecured and non-interest bearing.

The General Partner obtained a loan of \$300,000, the proceeds of which were provided to the Partnership. The loan bears interest at the rate of 9.9% per annum and matures on October 1, 2022. The land used as security for this loan is owned by a company in which the General Partner is the sole shareholder.

#### 8. SHORT TERM LOAN

The Partnership received a loan of \$421,311 from a company controlled by a Director of the General Partner at an interest rate of 8% per annum, repayable on demand. The loan outstanding at December 31, 2021 amounts to \$421,311.

The Partnership received a loan of \$230,000 from a company which owns the share capital of the General Partner at an interest rate of 8% per annum, repayable on demand. The loan outstanding at December 31, 2021 amounts to \$254,413.

On June 7, 2017, the Partnership received a loan of \$100,000, The loan, bearing interest at a rate of 8% per annum is repayable in monthly blended payments of \$700 and is secured by a cottage (excluding land) located in Port Renfrew, B.C. The loan matured on June 7, 2020; the terms of the loan have now been amended such that it is now repayable on demand. The loan outstanding at December 31, 2021 amounts to \$98,109.

#### 9. LOANS AND OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITAL LEASE

	2021	2020
First Capital lease bearing interest at 5% per		
annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of		
\$407. The lease matures on March 1, 2023 and is		
secured by three Sea Can Containers	\$ 5,533	\$ 10,018
	5,533	\$ 10,018
Amounts payable within one year	4,714	(4,485)
	\$ 819	\$ 5,533

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
Year ended December 31, 2021

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Principal payments are approximately:		
2022		4,714
2023		819
Total minimum payments	\$	5,533

#### 10. UNITHOLDERS EQUITY

The Amended and Restated Deed of Trust dated December 20, 2013 provides that an unlimited number of Class A trust units ("Class A"), an unlimited number of Class B trust units ("Class B") and an unlimited number of Class C trust units ("Class C") may be issued. Each Unit is redeemable, subject to applicable laws and represents an equal undivided beneficial interest in Class A Unit Distributable Income, Class B Unit Distributable Income and Class C Unit Distributable Income, as applicable from the Fund and in the net assets of the Fund in the event of termination or winding up of the Fund. Each Unit entitles the holder to one vote at all meetings of unitholders. The issued Units are not subject to future calls or assessments.

The number of units issued and outstanding are as follows:

	Units	Amount
CLASS A	Number	\$
Units outstanding, January 1, 2021	310,921	2,449,849
Units outstanding, December 31, 2021	310,921	2,449,849
CLASS B		
Units outstanding, January 1, 2021	40,624	373,249
Units outstanding, December 31, 2021	40,624	373,249
CLASS C		
Units outstanding, January 1, 2021	209,366	1,938,646
Units issued for cash	4,701	65,814
Units outstanding, December 31, 2021	214,067	2,004,460

Units issued pursuant to the offerings are net of issue costs of \$1,031,839. The Class B Unitholders have been offered the option of electing to convert their existing Class B shares to either:

- Amended Class B Units which have the same rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions as the existing Class C Units; or
- 2. Redeem their Class B units

13,000 Class B unit holders elected to redeem their units of which 5,000 units were paid out during the year ended December 31, 2018, leaving 8,000 units to be redeemed as and when the trust has sufficient cash resources.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
Year ended December 31, 2021

#### 11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A company controlled by a close family member of the trustee, acts as the sales agent for the trust units. During the year, this company earned \$Nil (2020-\$Nil) in commissions from the sale of trust units. An amount of \$4,999 payable to this related party is included in Accounts Payable.

A company which owns the share capital of the General Partner provided management services totalling \$120,000 (2020 - \$120,000) which is included in inventory. Included in trade payable and accrued liabilities is \$568,099 (2020 - \$517,147) relating to these services provided. The Partnership received a loan of \$230,000 from this company at an interest rate of 8% per annum, repayable on demand. The loan outstanding at December 31, 2021 amounts to \$\$254,413...

A company controlled by a Director of the General Partner provided a loan of \$302,837 at an interest rate of 8% per annum repayable on demand. The loan outstanding at December 31, 2021 amounts to \$302,837. Interest owing of \$34,054 is included in trade payable and accrued liabilities

During the year the Directors of the General Partner received \$200,000 (2020: \$200,000) in fees, which is included in inventory. A total of \$948,000 is included in trade payables and accrued liabilities at December 31, 2021 relating to these services.

The General Partner obtained a loan of \$300,000, the proceeds of which were provided to the Partnership. The loan, secured by land controlled by the General Partner, bears interest at the rate of 9.9% per annum and matures on October 1, 2022.

The transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

#### 12. CHANGE IN NON CASH WORKING CAPITAL

	 2021	2020
Accounts receivable	\$ 34,787	\$ (3,154)
Inventory	(786,441)	(159,539)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	220,060	396,897
Prepaid and deposits	 (14,786)	3,065
	\$ (546,380)	\$ 237,269

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
Year ended December 31, 2021

#### 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

During the year the General Partner entered into sale agreement for the sale of eight residential lots expected to generate \$2.84 million in revenues.

#### 14.COVID-19

The outbreak of the COVD-19 virus was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization in 2020. The duration and ongoing impact of the COVID-19 virus is unknown at this time and it is not possible to reliably estimate the impact, length and severity of these developments on the financial results and conditions of the Fund in future periods.

#### 15. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

A consultant who provided engineering services has agreed to accept land in exchange for services rendered. The value of the services has yet to be agreed.

#### 16.CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Fund's capital management policy is to maintain a strong capital base that optimizes the Fund's ability to grow maintain investor and creditor confidence and to provide a platform to create value for its unitholders. The Fund intends to maintain a flexible capital structure to maximize its ability to pursue additional investment opportunities, which considers the Fund's early stage of development and the requirement to sustain future development of the business.

The Fund will manage its capital structure and make changes to it in light of changes to economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the nature of the business. The Fund considers it capital structure to include unitholders equity and working capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Fund may from to me to time issue shares, seek debt financing and adjust its capital spending to manage its current and projected capital structure.

The Fund currently has no debt outstanding other than accounts payable and accrued liabilities, short term loan and amounts due to a related parties and it monitors capital based on its current working capital, projected cash flow from operations and anticipated capital expenditures.

#### 17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### a) Overview

The Fund's planned operations will expose it to a variety of financial risks that arise as a result of its operating and financing activities:

- (1) credit risk
- (2) liquidity risk; and
- (3) market risk

This note presents information about the Fund's exposure to each of the above risks, the Fund's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risks and the Fund's management of capital.

The Fund employs risk management strategies and policies to ensure that any exposure to risk is in compliance with the Fund's business objectives and risk tolerance levels. While the trustees have the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's risk management framework, management has the responsibility to administer and

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
Year ended December 31, 2021

monitor these risks.

#### b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Fund if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at the reporting date, being cash and cash equivalent of \$174,524, accounts receivable of \$55,071, prepaid and deposits of \$17,111 and due from related parties of \$60,447.

The Fund continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this into its credit risk controls. The Fund's policy is to deal only with creditworthy customers and counterparties.

The Fund's management considers that all the above financial assets are not impaired or past due the reporting date under review are of good credit quality. None of the Fund's financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements.

### c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they are due. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Fund's ongoing liquidity will be impacted by various external events and conditions.

The Fund's financial liabilities at of the reporting date consist of accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$1,885,863, due to related party of \$300,000, current portion of long term loan of \$4,714, customer deposits of \$5,000 and short term loans of \$655,359.

The Fund expects to repay its financial liabilities in the normal course of operations and to Trust future operational and capital requirements through future operational cash flows, as well as future equity raises.

#### d) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, will affect the Fund's net income or the value of financial instruments. The objective of the Fund is to manage and mitigate market risk exposures within acceptable limits, while maximizing returns.

#### e) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The interest rate on the Fund's short term loan is fixed for the term.

The Fund's had no interest rate swaps or financial contracts in place as at or during the period ended December 31, 2021.